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(Original Signature of Member)

110TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

H. R.

To reform the universal service provisions of the Communications Act of 1934, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Mr. BOUCHER (for himself, Mr. TERRY, Mr. FILNER, Mrs. CAPITO, Mr. GRAVES, Mrs. CUBIN, Mr. FORTENBERRY, Mr. MANZULLO, Mr. KING of Iowa, Mr. RADANOVICH, Mr. LATHAM, and Mr. SMITH of Nebraska) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on

A BILL

To reform the universal service provisions of the Communications Act of 1934, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Universal Service Re-
5 form Act of 2007”.

1 **SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.**

2 Section 3(a) of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
3 U.S.C. 153(a)) is amended—

4 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (20) through
5 (52) as paragraphs (22) through (54);

6 (2) by redesignating paragraphs (11) through
7 (19) as paragraphs (12) through (20), respectively;

8 (3) by inserting after paragraph (10) the fol-
9 lowing new paragraph:

10 “(11) COMMUNICATIONS SERVICE PROVIDER.—

11 The term ‘communications service provider’ means
12 any entity that—

13 “(A) contributes to or receives universal
14 service support for the most recent calendar
15 quarter ending before the date of enactment of
16 the Universal Service Reform Act of 2007;

17 “(B) uses telephone numbers or Internet
18 protocol addresses, or their functional equiva-
19 lents or successors, to offer a service or a capa-
20 bility—

21 “(i) that provides or enables real-time
22 2-way voice communications; and

23 “(ii) in which the voice component is
24 the primary function; or

25 “(C) offers, directly to the public, or to
26 such classes of users as to be effectively avail-

1 able directly to the public, a physical trans-
2 mission facility, whether circuit-switched, pack-
3 et-switched, a leased line, or using radio fre-
4 quency transmissions, regardless of the form,
5 protocol, or statutory classification of the serv-
6 ice, that allows an end user to obtain access,
7 from a particular end user location, to a net-
8 work that permits the end user to engage in
9 electronic communications (including tele-
10 communications) with the public.”; and

11 (4) by inserting after paragraph (20) (as redes-
12 ignated by paragraph (2) of this section) the fol-
13 lowing new paragraph:

14 “(21) HIGH-SPEED BROADBAND SERVICE.—

15 “(A) DEFINITION.—The term ‘high-speed
16 broadband service’ means a two way network
17 that uses the Internet protocol or a successor
18 protocol, and the associated capabilities and
19 functionalities, services, and applications pro-
20 vided over an Internet protocol platform or for
21 which an Internet protocol capability is an inte-
22 gral component, and services, facilities, equip-
23 ment, and applications that enable an end-user
24 to receive communications in Internet protocol
25 format, regardless of whether the communica-

1 tions are voice, data, video, or any other form,
2 at a download receiving rate of 1 megabit per
3 second or greater.

4 “(B) COMMISSION SPEED ADJUSTMENT
5 REQUIREMENTS.—The Commission shall review
6 the speed requirement in subparagraph (A)
7 every other year beginning the sixth year after
8 implementation of the Universal Service Reform
9 Act of 2007 and shall make the necessary ad-
10 justments to move to higher speeds as deploy-
11 ment and advancement of new technology al-
12 lows communications service providers to pro-
13 vide higher speed broadband to end users in an
14 economically efficient manner.

15 “(C) INTERNET PROTOCOL.—The term
16 ‘Internet protocol’ means the Transmission
17 Control Protocol/Internet Protocol, or any pred-
18 ecessor or successor protocols to such pro-
19 tocol.”.

20 **SEC. 3. UNIVERSAL SERVICE REFORM.**

21 (a) IN GENERAL.—

22 Section 254 of the Communications Act of
23 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254) is amended by amending sub-
24 sections (a) through (e) to read as follows:

1 “(a) PROCEDURES TO REFORM UNIVERSAL SERV-
2 ICE.—

3 “(1) FEDERAL-STATE JOINT BOARD ON UNI-
4 VERSAL SERVICE.—Within one month after the date
5 of enactment of the Universal Service Reform Act of
6 2007, the Commission shall institute and refer to
7 the Federal-State Joint Board under section 410(c)
8 of this title a proceeding to recommend changes to
9 any of its regulations in order to implement section
10 214(e) of this title and this section (as amended by
11 the Universal Service Reform Act of 2007), includ-
12 ing the definition of the services that are supported
13 by Federal universal service support mechanisms
14 and a specific timetable for completion of such rec-
15 ommendations. In addition to the members of the
16 Joint Board required under section 410(c) of this
17 title, one member of such Joint Board shall be a
18 State-appointed utility consumer advocate nominated
19 by a national organization of State utility consumer
20 advocates. The Joint Board shall, after notice and
21 opportunity for public comment, make its rec-
22 ommendations to the Commission within 9 months
23 after the date of enactment of the Universal Service
24 Reform Act of 2007.

1 “(2) COMMISSION ACTION.—The Commission
2 shall initiate a single proceeding to consider the rec-
3 ommendations from the Joint Board required by
4 paragraph (1) and shall complete such proceeding
5 within 18 months after the date of enactment of the
6 Universal Service Reform Act of 2007. The rules es-
7 tablished by such proceeding shall include a defini-
8 tion of the services that are supported by Federal
9 universal service support mechanisms and a specific
10 timetable for implementation.

11 “(b) UNIVERSAL SERVICE PRINCIPLES.—The Joint
12 Board and the Commission shall base policies for the pres-
13 ervation and advancement of universal service on the fol-
14 lowing principles:

15 “(1) QUALITY AND RATES.—Quality services
16 should be available at just, reasonable, and afford-
17 able rates.

18 “(2) ACCESS TO ADVANCED SERVICES.—Access
19 to advanced telecommunications and information
20 services should be provided in all regions of the Na-
21 tion.

22 “(3) ACCESS IN RURAL AND HIGH COST
23 AREAS.—Consumers in all regions of the Nation, in-
24 cluding low-income consumers and those in rural, in-
25 sular, and high cost areas, should have access to the

1 services the Commission determines to be universal
2 services in accordance with subsection (c), including
3 interexchange services and advanced telecommuni-
4 cations and information services, that are reasonably
5 comparable to those services provided in urban areas
6 and that are available at rates that are reasonably
7 comparable to rates charged for similar services in
8 urban areas.

9 “(4) **EQUITABLE AND NONDISCRIMINATORY**
10 **CONTRIBUTIONS.**—All communications service pro-
11 viders should make equitable and nondiscriminatory
12 contributions to the preservation and advancement
13 of universal service.

14 “(5) **EXPLICIT, SPECIFIC, AND PREDICTABLE**
15 **SUPPORT MECHANISMS.**—There should be explicit,
16 specific, predictable, and sufficient Federal and
17 State mechanisms to preserve and advance universal
18 service.

19 “(6) **COMPETITIVE NEUTRALITY.**—Federal and
20 State mechanisms to preserve and advance universal
21 service should be competitively neutral, so that those
22 mechanisms neither unfairly advantage nor dis-
23 advantage one communications service provider over
24 another, and neither unfairly favor nor disfavor one
25 technology over another.

1 “(7) ACCESS TO ADVANCED TELECOMMUNI-
2 CATIONS SERVICES FOR SCHOOLS, HEALTH CARE,
3 AND LIBRARIES.—Elementary and secondary schools
4 and classrooms, health care providers, and libraries
5 should have access to advanced telecommunications
6 services as described in subsection (h).

7 “(8) ADDITIONAL PRINCIPLES.—Such other
8 principles as the Joint Board and the Commission
9 determine are necessary and appropriate for the pro-
10 tection of the public interest, convenience, and ne-
11 cessity and are consistent with this Act.

12 “(c) DEFINITION.—

13 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Universal service includes
14 the services defined on the date of enactment of the
15 Universal Service Reform Act of 2007 as universal
16 services, as modified by the Commission as nec-
17 essary to implement the provisions of this Act, high-
18 speed broadband services, and an evolving level of
19 telecommunications and information services that
20 the Commission shall establish periodically under
21 this section, taking into account advances in tele-
22 communications and information technologies and
23 services. The Joint Board in recommending, and the
24 Commission in establishing, the definition of the
25 services that are supported by Federal universal

1 service support mechanisms shall consider the extent
2 to which such services—

3 “(A) are essential to education, public
4 health, or public safety;

5 “(B) are being deployed in public tele-
6 communications networks by communications
7 service providers; and

8 “(C) are consistent with the public inter-
9 est, convenience, and necessity.

10 “(2) ALTERATIONS AND MODIFICATIONS.—The
11 Joint Board shall consider whether to recommend to
12 the Commission modifications in the definition of
13 the services that are supported by Federal universal
14 service support mechanisms no less than once every
15 5 years.

16 “(3) SPECIAL SERVICES.—In addition to the
17 services included in the definition of universal serv-
18 ice under paragraph (1), the Commission may des-
19 ignate additional services for such support mecha-
20 nisms for schools, libraries, and health care pro-
21 viders for the purposes of subsection (h).

22 “(4) HIGH-SPEED BROADBAND SERVICE.—The
23 definition of universal service shall not be construed
24 to exclude eligible communications service providers
25 from using universal service funding for the provi-

1 sion, maintenance, and upgrading of high-speed
2 broadband service.

3 “(d) UNIVERSAL SERVICE SUPPORT CONTRIBU-
4 TIONS.—

5 “(1) CALCULATING UNIVERSAL SERVICE SUP-
6 PORT CONTRIBUTIONS.—

7 “(A) IN GENERAL.—To preserve and ad-
8 vance universal service in accordance with the
9 principles in section (b), the Commission shall
10 assess contributions to universal service support
11 mechanisms from communications service pro-
12 viders in a manner that is equitable, competi-
13 tively neutral, and nondiscriminatory, and en-
14 sures that communications service providers are
15 subject to similar obligations. The Commission
16 may employ any methodology to assess such
17 contributions, including consideration of—

18 “(i) revenues derived from the provi-
19 sion of intrastate, interstate, and foreign
20 communications services by communica-
21 tions service providers;

22 “(ii) working telephone numbers used
23 by communications service providers; or

24 “(iii) any other current or successor
25 identifier protocols or connections to the

1 network used by communications service
2 providers.

3 “(B) USE OF MORE THAN ONE METHODOLOGY.—If no one methodology designated
4 under subparagraph (A) effectuates the principles described in this Act, the Commission
5 may employ a combination of any such methodologies.
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8

9 “(C) LOW VOLUME EXCEPTION.—The
10 Commission shall not materially increase the
11 contributions of communications service providers whose customers typically make a low
12 volume of calls on a monthly basis.
13

14 “(D) DE MINIMIS EXCEPTION.—The Commission may exempt a communications service
15 provider from the requirements of this subsection if the communications activities of such
16 provider are limited to such an extent that the
17 level of contributions of such provider to the
18 preservation and advancement of universal service would be de minimis.
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21

22 “(E) GROUP PLAN EXCEPTION.—If the
23 Commission uses a methodology under subparagraph (A) based in whole or in part on working
24 telephone numbers, it may provide a discount
25

1 for additional numbers provided under a group
2 or family pricing plan for residential customers
3 provided in one bill.

4 “(2) REPORTS.—The Commission shall estab-
5 lish annual reporting requirements for all commu-
6 nications service providers contributing to universal
7 service support mechanisms or receiving universal
8 service support. The reporting requirements shall
9 not impose unnecessary burdens, and shall be tech-
10 nology and provider neutral. The Commission shall
11 periodically review the reporting requirements to en-
12 sure that universal service support is used for the
13 provision, maintenance, and upgrading of the facili-
14 ties for which support is intended.

15 “(3) UNIVERSAL SERVICE SUPPORT CONTRIBU-
16 TION LIMITS.—

17 “(A) LIMITATION.—The total amount of
18 universal service support for all universal serv-
19 ice support mechanisms other than support for
20 schools, libraries, rural health care, life-line,
21 link-up, and toll limitation shall not exceed the
22 total amount that was collected from all sources
23 for all universal service support mechanisms
24 other than schools, libraries, rural health care,
25 life-line, link-up, and toll limitation in the last

1 year prior to the date of enactment of the Uni-
2 versal Service Reform Act of 2007, as ad-
3 justed—

4 “(i) annually by a growth factor; and

5 “(ii) once, within one year of the date
6 of enactment of the Universal Service Re-
7 form Act of 2007, by the amounts that the
8 adjustments in subsections (e)(3) and (m)
9 increase demand for universal service sup-
10 port.

11 “(B) GROWTH FACTOR.—The growth fac-
12 tor shall be the annual percentage change in
13 the Gross Domestic Product–Chained Price
14 Index (GDP–CPI), or any successor general in-
15 flationary factor that the Bureau of Economic
16 Analysis of the Department of Commerce deter-
17 mines shall supersede such index, plus the an-
18 nual percentage change in the total number of
19 incumbent local exchange carrier working loops
20 in rural, insular, and high cost areas, if that
21 percentage change is greater than zero.

22 “(C) INTERCARRIER COMPENSATION RE-
23 COVERY MECHANISM.—If at any time after the
24 date of enactment of the Universal Service Re-
25 form Act of 2007 the Commission mandates

1 that intercarrier compensation revenues be re-
2 covered through an alternative revenue recovery
3 mechanism, such alternative revenue recovery
4 mechanism shall be included in the limitation
5 set forth in subparagraph (A), and the Commis-
6 sion shall adjust such limitation by the amount
7 that such alternated revenue recovery mecha-
8 nism increases demand for universal service
9 support.

10 “(e) DISTRIBUTION AND USE OF UNIVERSAL SERV-
11 ICE SUPPORT.—

12 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Only an eligible tele-
13 communications carrier designated under section
14 214(e) shall be eligible to receive specific Federal
15 universal service support. A carrier that receives
16 such support shall use that support only for the pro-
17 vision, maintenance, and upgrading of facilities and
18 facilities-based services for which the support is in-
19 tended. Any such support should be explicit and suf-
20 ficient to achieve the purposes of this section.

21 “(2) USES OF UNIVERSAL SERVICE SUPPORT.—
22 The use of universal service support for all rural, in-
23 sular, and high cost areas—

24 “(A) should be expanded to include high-
25 speed broadband services;

1 “(B) should be based on actual costs rea-
2 sonably incurred in providing such facilities-
3 based services in a service area, exclusive of the
4 cost of acquiring spectrum, except that an eligi-
5 ble telecommunications carrier that is an in-
6 cumbent local exchange carrier may elect to
7 have the Commission calculate the amount of
8 universal service support payable to such car-
9 rier pursuant to section 54.309 of title 47, Code
10 of Federal Regulations (as in effect on the date
11 of the enactment of the Universal Service Re-
12 form Act of 2007); and

13 “(C) should be available to communica-
14 tions service providers that are determined to
15 be eligible telecommunications carriers under
16 section 214(e).

17 “(3) SUPPORT FOR NON-RURAL CARRIERS PRO-
18 VIDING SERVICE IN RURAL, INSULAR, AND HIGH
19 COST AREAS.—

20 “(A) CALCULATING SUPPORT.—Except
21 with respect to non-rural carriers serving insu-
22 lar areas, in calculating the need for and dis-
23 tribution of Federal universal service support
24 for eligible telecommunications carriers that
25 serve rural, insular, and high cost areas and

1 that are either non-rural carriers, or (after a
2 one-time election) rural carriers subject to Fed-
3 eral incentive regulation, the Commission shall
4 revise the Commission’s support mechanism for
5 rural, insular, and high cost areas to provide
6 support to each wire center to the extent the in-
7 cumbent local exchange carrier’s average for-
8 ward-looking cost per line for such wire center
9 exceeds 2.75 times the national average cost per
10 line.

11 “(B) HOLD HARMLESS.—In implementing
12 this paragraph, the Commission shall ensure
13 that no non-rural carrier receives less Federal
14 support calculated under paragraph (1) than
15 the non-rural carrier would have received under
16 the Commission’s support mechanism for rural,
17 insular, and high cost areas as in effect on the
18 day before the date of the enactment of the
19 Universal Service Reform Act of 2007.

20 “(4) ADMINISTRATION: ACCOUNTABILITY
21 STANDARDS.—

22 “(A) NETWORK TRAFFIC IDENTIFICATION
23 ACCOUNTABILITY STANDARDS.—

24 “(i) NETWORK TRAFFIC IDENTIFICA-
25 TION STANDARDS.—A communications

1 service provider shall ensure, to the degree
2 technically possible, that all traffic that
3 originates on its network contains, or, in
4 the case of non-originated traffic, pre-
5 serves, sufficient information in call sig-
6 naling to allow for traffic identification by
7 other communications service providers
8 that transport or terminate such traffic,
9 including telephone number information of
10 the calling and called parties and such
11 other information as the Commission
12 deems appropriate. Except as otherwise
13 permitted by the Commission, to the de-
14 gree technically possible, a communications
15 service provider that transports traffic be-
16 tween communications service providers
17 shall signal-forward without altering call
18 signaling information it receives from an-
19 other communications service provider.

20 “(ii) NETWORK TRAFFIC IDENTIFICA-
21 TION RULEMAKING.—The Commission, in
22 consultation with the State commissions,
23 shall initiate a single rulemaking no later
24 than 180 days after the date of enactment
25 of the Universal Service Reform Act of

1 2007 to establish rules and enforcement
2 provisions for traffic identification.

3 “(iii) NETWORK TRAFFIC IDENTIFICA-
4 TION ENFORCEMENT.—The Commission
5 shall adopt and enforce clear penalties,
6 fines, and sanctions under this section.

7 “(B) UNIVERSAL SERVICE DISTRIBUTION
8 ACCOUNTABILITY STANDARDS.—To ensure fair-
9 ness and accountability in the distribution of
10 universal service funding contributions, the
11 Commission shall promulgate rules to calculate
12 the level of universal service support to be dis-
13 tributed to all eligible recipients.”.

14 (b) RURAL HEALTH CARE SUPPORT MECHANISMS.—

15 (1) AMENDMENT.—Subparagraph (A) of sec-
16 tion 254(h)(1) of the Communications Act of 1934
17 (47 U.S.C. 254(h)(1)) is amended to read as follows:

18 “(A) HEALTH CARE SERVICES FOR RURAL
19 AREAS.—Within 180 days after the date of en-
20 actment of the Universal Service Reform Act of
21 2007, the Commission shall prescribe regula-
22 tions that provide that a communications serv-
23 ice provider shall, upon, receiving a bona fide
24 request, provide covered services which are nec-
25 essary for the provision of health care services

1 in a State, including instruction relating to
2 such services, to any public or nonprofit health
3 care provider that serves persons who reside in
4 rural areas in that State at rates that are rea-
5 sonably comparable to rates charged for similar
6 services in urban areas in that State. A commu-
7 nications service provider providing service
8 under this subparagraph shall be entitled to
9 have an amount equal to the difference, if any,
10 between the rates for services provided to health
11 care providers for rural areas in a State and
12 the rates for similar services in urban areas in
13 that State treated as a service obligation as a
14 part of its obligation to participate in the mech-
15 anisms to preserve and advance universal serv-
16 ice.”.

17 (2) DEFINITION OF HEALTH CARE PRO-
18 VIDER.—Subparagraph (B) of section 254(h)(7) of
19 such Act (47 U.S.C. 254(h)(7)(B)) is amended to
20 read as follows:

21 “(B) HEALTH CARE PROVIDER.—The term
22 ‘health care provider’ means—

23 “(i) post-secondary educational insti-
24 tutions offering health care instruction,
25 teaching hospitals, and medical schools;

1 “(ii) community health centers or
2 health centers providing health care to mi-
3 grants;

4 “(iii) local health departments or
5 agencies;

6 “(iv) community mental health cen-
7 ters;

8 “(v) not-for-profit hospitals;

9 “(vi) critical access hospitals;

10 “(vii) rural hospitals with emergency
11 rooms;

12 “(viii) rural health clinics;

13 “(ix) not-for-profit nursing homes or
14 skilled nursing homes;

15 “(x) hospice providers;

16 “(xi) emergency medical services fa-
17 cilities;

18 “(xii) rural dialysis facilities;

19 “(xiii) elementary, secondary, and
20 post-secondary school health clinics; and

21 “(xiv) consortia of health care pro-
22 viders consisting of one or more entities
23 described in clauses (i) through (xiii).”.

24 (3) DEFINITION OF RURAL FOR HEALTH CARE
25 SUPPORT.—Section 254(h)(7) of such Act is further

1 amended by adding at the end the following new
2 subparagraph:

3 “(J) RURAL AREA.—Within 180 days after
4 the date of enactment of the Universal Service
5 Reform Act of 2007, the Commission shall pre-
6 scribe regulations that provide that, for pur-
7 poses of the rural health care universal service
8 support mechanisms established pursuant to
9 this subsection, a ‘rural area’ is—

10 “(i) any incorporated or unincor-
11 porated place in the United States, its ter-
12 ritories and insular possessions (including
13 any area within the Federated States of
14 Micronesia, the Republic of the Marshall
15 Islands and the Republic of Palau) that
16 has no more than 20,000 inhabitants
17 based on the most recent available popu-
18 lation statistics from the Census Bureau;

19 “(ii) any area located outside of the
20 boundaries of any incorporated or unincor-
21 porated city, village, or borough having a
22 population exceeding 20,000;

23 “(iii) any area with a population den-
24 sity of fewer than 250 persons per square
25 mile; or

1 “(iv) any place that qualified as a
2 ‘rural area’ and received support from the
3 rural health care support mechanism pur-
4 suant to the Commission’s rules in effect
5 prior to December 1, 2004, and that con-
6 tinues to qualify as a ‘rural area’ pursuant
7 to such rules.”.

8 (c) SCHOOLS, LIBRARIES, RURAL HEALTH CARE,
9 LIFE-LINE, LINK-UP, AND TOLL LIMITATION HOLD
10 HARMLESS.—Except as provided in subsections (h)(1)(A),
11 (h)(7)(B), and (h)(7)(J) of section 254 of the Communica-
12 tions Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254), as amended by sub-
13 section (b)—

14 (1) nothing in this Act (and the amendments
15 made by this Act) shall be construed as limiting,
16 changing, modifying, or altering the amount of sup-
17 port or means of distribution for the schools, librar-
18 ies, rural health care, life-line, link-up, and toll limi-
19 tation programs; and

20 (2) the Federal Communications Commission
21 shall ensure that such amendments do not result in
22 a decrease of such support to a level below the level
23 for the fiscal year preceding the fiscal year in which
24 this Act is enacted.

1 **SEC. 4. ELIGIBLE RECIPIENTS OF UNIVERSAL SERVICE**
2 **SUPPORT.**

3 (a) AMENDMENT.—Section 214(e) of the Commu-
4 nications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 214(e)) is amended—

5 (1) by redesignating paragraphs (3), (4), (5),
6 and (6) as paragraphs (6), (7), (9), and (8), respec-
7 tively, and reordering such paragraphs in numerical
8 order; and

9 (2) by striking paragraphs (1) and (2) and in-
10 sserting the following:

11 “(1) ELIGIBILITY TO RECEIVE UNIVERSAL
12 SERVICE SUPPORT.—A communications service pro-
13 vider shall be eligible to receive universal service
14 support in accordance with the requirements of this
15 subsection only if such communications service pro-
16 vider—

17 “(A) uses its own facilities in whole or in
18 part to make available throughout a service
19 area the services that have been determined by
20 the Commission to be universal services pursu-
21 ant to section 254(c), and adheres to the State
22 carrier-of-last-resort requirements that are im-
23 posed on incumbent carriers serving the area;

24 “(B) advertises the supported services and
25 their associated charges throughout the service
26 area using media of general distribution, and

1 advertises the availability of life-line and link-up
2 services in a manner reasonably designed to
3 reach those likely to qualify for those services;

4 “(C) demonstrates the ability to remain
5 functional in emergency situations;

6 “(D) satisfies consumer protection and
7 service quality standards; and

8 “(E) meets the basic requirements for the
9 deployment of high-speed broadband service,
10 and provides high-speed broadband service, ex-
11 cept that the Commission shall establish a proc-
12 ess—

13 “(i) whereby a determination can be
14 made to waive the requirements of this
15 subparagraph for 3 years upon application
16 of a communications service provider dem-
17 onstrating that the deployment and provi-
18 sion of high-speed broadband service is not
19 technically feasible or would materially im-
20 pair the communications service provider’s
21 ability to continue to provide local ex-
22 change service throughout its service area,
23 except that a waiver shall be deemed auto-
24 matically granted under this clause for a
25 communications service provider which can

1 demonstrate that the cost per line of de-
2 ploying and providing high-speed
3 broadband service is at least three times
4 the average cost of providing high-speed
5 broadband service among all recipients of
6 universal service support, subject to the re-
7 newal provisions set forth in clause (ii);

8 “(ii) whereby the communications
9 service provider may seek renewal of such
10 waiver every 3 years for as long as the de-
11 ployment and provision of high-speed
12 broadband service is not technically fea-
13 sible or would materially impair the com-
14 munications service provider’s ability to
15 continue to provide local exchange service
16 throughout its service area; and

17 “(iii) whereby any application of a
18 communications service provider for a
19 waiver pursuant to clause (i) on which the
20 Commission has not taken final action
21 within 60 days of the date of submission to
22 the Commission shall be deemed granted.

23 “(2) ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA.—In addition to the
24 criteria specified in paragraph (1), the Commission
25 shall establish such additional eligibility criteria for

1 the receipt of universal service support by commu-
2 nications service providers as it deems necessary and
3 in the public interest. The criteria established in
4 paragraph (1) and the criteria established by the
5 Commission pursuant to this paragraph shall be
6 used by State commissions in determining which
7 providers shall be designated as eligible recipients of
8 universal service support for the purpose of para-
9 graph (3).

10 “(3) DESIGNATION OF ELIGIBLE RECIPIENTS.—

11 A State commission shall, upon its own motion or
12 upon request, designate as an eligible recipient of
13 universal service support only those providers meet-
14 ing the requirements of paragraphs (1) and (2).

15 “(4) GRANDFATHER PROVISION.—Recipients of
16 universal service support in any service area prior to
17 the date of enactment of the Universal Service Re-
18 form Act of 2007 shall meet the eligibility require-
19 ments for eligible recipients of universal service sup-
20 port—

21 “(A) as described in paragraphs (1)(A)
22 through (D), within one year of the date of en-
23 actment of the Universal Service Reform Act of
24 2007; and

1 “(B) as described in paragraph (1)(E),
2 within 5 years after the date of enactment of
3 the Universal Service Reform Act of 2007.

4 Failure of such an eligible recipient of universal
5 service support to maintain and meet the eligibility
6 requirements within the period required by subpara-
7 graph (A) or (B) after the date of enactment of the
8 Universal Service Reform Act of 2007 shall require
9 the automatic termination of Federal universal serv-
10 ice support to that recipient. This paragraph shall
11 not be construed to prohibit such a recipient from
12 obtaining a waiver under paragraph (1)(E).”.

13 (b) DEFINITIONS.—Paragraph (9) of section 214(e)
14 (as redesignated by subsection (a)) is amended to read as
15 follows:

16 “(9) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this subsection,
17 the term ‘service area’ means a geographic area that
18 aligns with the area in which a communications
19 service provider is licensed or authorized to provide
20 service for the purpose of determining universal
21 service obligations and support mechanisms. In the
22 case of an area served by a rural telephone company,
23 ‘service area’ means such company’s ‘study area’ or
24 the licensed or authorized service area of any other
25 communications service provider serving an area

1 that overlaps with the service area of a rural tele-
2 phone company. In the case of an area served by a
3 wireless service provider, ‘service area’ means such
4 company’s basic trading area.”.

5 **SEC. 5. REMOVAL OF IMPEDIMENTS TO SUFFICIENT SUP-**
6 **PORT MECHANISMS.**

7 Section 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 is
8 amended by adding at the end the following new sub-
9 section:

10 “(m) REMOVAL OF LIMITATIONS ON HIGH COST
11 SUPPORT MECHANISMS.—The limitations on universal
12 service support contained in section 54.305 of the Com-
13 mission’s regulations (47 CFR 54.305), and the individual
14 caps imposed upon carriers contained in section 36.631
15 of the Commission’s regulations (47 CFR 36.631), shall
16 cease to be effective on the date of enactment of the Uni-
17 versal Service Reform Act of 2007. The Commission shall
18 not, on or after such date of enactment, enforce or reim-
19 pose limitations on support mechanisms for rural tele-
20 phone companies or exchanges they acquire.”.

21 **SEC. 6. SCOPE OF SUPPORT.**

22 Section 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
23 U.S.C. 254) is further amended by adding at the end the
24 following new subsection:

1 “(n) SCOPE OF SUPPORT.—The Commission in im-
2 plementing the requirements of this section as amended
3 by the Universal Service Reform Act of 2007 with respect
4 to the distribution and use of Federal universal service
5 support shall not limit such distribution and use to a sin-
6 gle connection or primary line, and all residential and
7 business lines served by an eligible telecommunications
8 carrier shall be eligible for Federal universal service sup-
9 port.”.

10 **SEC. 7. APPLICATION OF ANTIDEFICIENCY ACT; INVEST-**
11 **MENT OF CONTRIBUTIONS.**

12 Section 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
13 U.S.C. 254) is further amended by adding at the end the
14 following new subsections:

15 “(o) PROPER ACCOUNTING OF UNIVERSAL SERVICE
16 CONTRIBUTIONS.—

17 “(1) FROM ALL BUDGETS.—Notwithstanding
18 any other provision of law, the receipts and disburse-
19 ments of universal service contributions under sec-
20 tion 254 of the Communications Act of 1934 (47
21 U.S.C. 254) shall not be counted as new budget au-
22 thority, outlays, receipts, or deficit or surplus for
23 purposes of—

24 “(A) the budget of the United States Gov-
25 ernment as submitted by the President;

1 “(B) the Congressional budget;

2 “(C) the Balanced Budget and Emergency
3 Deficit Control Act of 1985; or

4 “(D) any other law requiring budget se-
5 questers.

6 “(2) ADDITIONAL EXEMPTIONS.—Section 1341,
7 subchapter II of chapter 15, and sections 3302,
8 3321, 3322, and 3325 of title 31, United States
9 Code, shall not apply to—

10 “(A) the collection and receipt of universal
11 service contributions, including the interest
12 earned on such contributions; or

13 “(B) disbursements or other obligations
14 authorized by the Federal Communications
15 Commission under section 254 of the Commu-
16 nications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 254).

17 “(p) INVESTMENT OF UNIVERSAL SERVICE FUND
18 CONTRIBUTIONS.—Notwithstanding any other provision
19 of law, including sections 3302, 3321, 3322, and 3325 of
20 title 31, United States Code, the cash balance of receipts
21 of universal service contributions collected pursuant to this
22 section shall be invested by the Commission or its designee
23 in conservative, liquid, interest-bearing investment vehicles
24 of government backed securities until such time as such
25 receipts are disbursed pursuant to this section 254.”.

1 **SEC. 8. STATE AUTHORITY.**

2 Section 254(f) of the Communications Act of 1934
3 (47 U.S.C. 254(f)) is amended to read as follows:

4 “(f) STATE AUTHORITY.—

5 “(1) IN GENERAL.—A State may adopt regula-
6 tions not inconsistent with the Commission’s rules to
7 preserve and advance universal service. In adopting
8 those rules, a State may require communications
9 service providers to contribute to universal service on
10 the basis of—

11 “(A) revenues derived from the provision
12 of intrastate, interstate, and foreign commu-
13 nications services by communications service
14 providers;

15 “(B) working telephone numbers used by
16 communications service providers; or

17 “(C) any other current or successor identi-
18 fier protocols or connections to the network
19 used by communications service providers.

20 “(2) DISREGARD OF INTERSTATE COMPO-
21 NENT.—A State may require communications service
22 providers to contribute under paragraph (1) regard-
23 less of whether the service contains an interstate
24 component.

25 “(3) GUIDELINES.—Regulations adopted by a
26 State under this subsection shall result in a specific,

1 predictable, and sufficient mechanism to support
2 universal service and shall be competitively and tech-
3 nologically neutral, equitable, and nondiscrim-
4 inatory.”.

5 **SEC. 9. REPORT TO CONGRESS.**

6 The Commission shall, not later than 3 years after
7 the date of enactment of this Act and triennially there-
8 after, report to Congress regarding the availability of the
9 services designated by the Commission as universal serv-
10 ices to all Americans, including schools, libraries, rural
11 health care providers, and low income consumers.